LISTING OF THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Original) A method of making a fluorinated precursor of a superconducting ceramic, said method comprises:
- a) providing a solution comprising a rare earth salt, an alkaline earth metal salt and a copper salt;
 - b) spraying said solution onto a substrate to provide a film-covered substrate; and
- c) heating said film-covered substrate in an atmosphere containing fluorinated gas to provide said fluorinated precursor.
- 2. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 wherein said solution has a pH in the range of approximately 1 to 5.
- 3. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 further comprising dispersing said solution in a carrier gas before spraying said solution on said substrate, wherein said carrier gas comprises an inert gas.
- 4. (Original) A method according to Claim 3 wherein said inert gas is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, argon, helium and mixtures thereof.
- 5. (Original) A method according to Claim 3 wherein said carrier gas further comprises oxygen.
- 6. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 further comprising heating said substrate before spraying said solution on said substrate.
- 7. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 wherein said rare earth salt is selected from the group consisting of a yttrium (Y) salt, a neodymium (Nd) salt, a, a ytterbium (Yb) salt,

an europium (Eu) salt, a gadolinium (Gd) salt, a dysprosium (Dy) salt, a holmium (Ho) salt, an erbium (Er) salt, a lanthanum (La) salt, a lutetium (Lu) salt, a samarium (Sm) salt, a thulium (Tm) salt, and mixtures thereof.

- 8. (Original) A method according to Claim 6 wherein said rare earth salt is a yttrium (Y) salt.
- 9. (Original) A method according to Claim 7 wherein said rare earth salt is selected from the group consisting of a rare earth nitrate, a rare earth acetate and mixtures thereof.
- 10. (Original) A method according to Claim 7 wherein said rare earth salt is selected from the group consisting of a rare earth sulfate, a rare earth chloride, a rare earth bicarbonate and mixtures thereof.
- 11. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 wherein said salt of an alkaline earth metal is selected from the group consisting of a magnesium (Mg) salt, a calcium (Ca) salt, a strontium (Sr) salt and a barium (Ba) salt and mixtures thereof.
- 12. (Original) A method according to Claim 11 wherein said salt of an alkaline earth metal is a barium (Ba) salt.
- 13. (Original) A method according to Claim 12 wherein said barium (Ba) salt is selected from the group consisting of a barium nitrate, a barium acetate and mixtures thereof.
- 14. (Original) A method according to Claim 12 wherein said barium salt is selected from the group consisting of a barium sulfate, a barium chloride and mixtures thereof.
- 15. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 wherein said copper salt is selected from the group consisting of a copper nitrate, a copper acetate and mixtures thereof.

- 16. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 wherein said copper salt is selected from the group consisting of a copper sulfate, a copper sulfide, a copper chloride and mixtures thereof.
- 17. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 wherein said substrate is selected from the group consisting of a single crystalline ceramic, polycrystalline ceramic, a single crystal and a metal.
- 18. (Original) A method according to Claim 17 wherein said substrate is selected from the group consisting of SrTiO₃, LaAlO₃, zirconia, CeO₂, Y₂O₃, MgO, and SrRuO₃.
- 19. (Original) A method according to Claim 17 further comprising placing a buffer layer on said metal substrate before spraying said solution.
- 20. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 wherein said fluorinated gas is selected from the group consiting of CHF₃, CH₂F₂, CH₃F, CHF₂CHF₂ (HFC 134), CHF₂CF₃ (HFC 125), CHF₂CH₃ (HFC 152a), CF₃CH₂F (HFC 134a), CH₃CF₃, CH₂FCH₃, CHF₂CH₂F, CH₂FCH₂F, CF₃CH₂CF₃ (HFC 236fa), a fluorinated propane, a fluorinated propylene, a fluorinated ethylene and mixtures thereof.
- 21. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 wherein said fluorinated gas comprises CF₃CH₂F (HFC 134a).
- 22. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 wherein said solution comprises Y, Ba and Cu in a ratio of 1:2:0.5.
- 23. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 further comprising subjecting said solution to a high voltage Corona discharge before or during the spraying of said solution on said substrate.

- 24. (Original) A method according to Claim 23 wherein said solution comprises Y, Ba and Cu in a ratio of 1:2:3.5.
- 25. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 where said atmosphere containing fluorinated gas is subject to a high voltage electrical discharge.
- 26. (Original) A method according to Claim 1 further comprising transforming the fluorinated precursor into a crystalline superconducting ceramic.
- 27. (Cancelled) A fluorinated precursor of a superconducting ceramic produced by a method comprising:
- a) providing a solution of a rare earth salt, an alkaline earth metal salt and a copper ; salt;
 - b) spraying said solution onto a substrate to provide a film-covered substrate; and
- c) heating said film-covered substrate in an atmosphere containing fluorinated gas to produce said fluorinated precursor film.
- 28. (Cancelled) A film according to Claim 27, wherein said film is a YBa₂Cu₃O_y film.
- 29. (Cancelled) A film according to Claim 27, wherein said film has a critical current density measured at 77 K of about 0.1 MA/cm⁻² or greater in zero magnetic field.
- 30. (Cancelled) A method of making a fluorinated precursor of a superconducting ceamic, said method comprising:
- a) providing a solution of a rare earth salt, an alkaline earth metal salt and a copper salt; and
- b) spraying said solution and fluorinated gas onto a substrate to provide said fluorinated precursor.

- 31. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said solution has a pH in the range of approximately 1 to 5.
- 32. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 further comprising dispersing said solution in a carrier gas before spraying said solution on said substrate, wherein the carrier gas comprises an inert gas.
- 33. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 32 where said inert gas is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, argon, helium and mixtures thereof.
- 34. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said rare earth salt is selected from the group consisting of a yttrium (Y) salt, a neodymium (Nd) salt, a, a ytterbium (Yb) salt, an europium (Eu) salt, a gadolinium (Gd) salt, a dysprosium (Dy) salt, a holmium (Ho) salt, an erbium (Er) salt, a lanthanum (La) salt, a lutetium (Lu) salt, a samarium (Sm) salt, a thulium (Tm) salt, and mixtures thereof.
- 35. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said rare earth salt is a yttrium (Y) salt.
- 36. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said rare earth salt is selected from the group consisting of a rare earth nitrate, a rare earth acetate and mixtures thereof.
- 37. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said rare earth salt is selected from the group consisting of a rare earth sulfate, a rare earth chloride, a rare earth bicarbonate and mixtures thereof.
- 38. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said salt of an alkaline earth metal is selected from the group consisting of a magnesium (Mg) salt, a calcium (Ca) salt, a strontium (Sr) salt. a barium (Ba) salt and mixtures thereof.

- 39. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said salt of an alkaline earth metal is a barium (Ba) salt.
- 40. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 39 wherein said barium (Ba) salt is a barium nitrate, barium acetate or mixtures thereof.
- 41. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 39 wherein said barium (Ba) salt is a barium sulfate, a barium chloride or mixtures thereof.
- 42. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said copper salt is a copper nitrate, a copper acetate or mixtures thereof.
- 43. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said copper salt is a copper sulfate, a copper sulfide or mixtures thereof.
- 44. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said substrate is selected from the group consisting of a single crystalline ceramic, polycrystalline ceramic, a single crystal and a metal.
- 45. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 44 wherein said substrate is selected from the group consisting of SrTiO₃, LaAlO₃, zirconia, CeO₂, Y₂O₃ and MgO, SrRuO₃.
- 46. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 further comprising placing a buffer layer on said metal substrate before spraying said solution.
- 47. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said fluorinated gas is selected from the group consiting of CHF₃, CH₂F₂, CH₃F, CHF₂CHF₂ (HFC 134), CHF₂CF₃ (HFC 125), CHF₂CH₃ (HFC 152a), CF₃CH₂F (HFC 134a), CH₃CF₃, CH₂FCH₃, CHF₂CH₂F, CH₂FCH₂F, CF₃CH₂CF₃ (HFC 236fa), a fluorinated propane, a fluorinated propylene, a fluorinated ethylene and mixtures thereof.

- 48. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 wherein said fluorinated gas comprises CF₃CH₂F (HFC 134a).
- 49. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 further comprising transforming the fluorinated precursor into a crystalline superconducting ceramic.
- 50. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 30 where said atmosphere containing fluorinated gas is subject to an electrical discharge.
 - 51. (Cancelled) A fluorinated precursor film produced by a method comprising:
- a) providing a solution of a rare earth salt, an alkaline earth metal salt and a copper salt; and
- b) spraying said solution onto a substrate in an atmosphere containing fluorinated gas to provide said fluorinated precursor film.
- 52. (Cancelled) A film according to Claim 51, wherein said film is a YBa₂Cu₃O_y film.
- 53. (Cancelled) A film according to Claim 51, wherein said film has a critical current density measured at 77 K of about 0.1 MA/cm⁻² or greater in zero magnetic field.
- 54. (Cancelled) A method of increasing the quality of a precursor film, the method comprising:

heat treating said precursor film at atmospheric or sub-atmospheric pressure in the presence of fluorinated gas and oxygen to produce a resultant precursor film.

55. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 54 further comprising heating said resultant precursor film in an atmosphere comprising nitrogen, water vapor and oxygen at atmospheric or sub-atmospheric pressure to produce a crystalline film.

- 56. (Cancelled) A method according to Claim 54 wherein heat treatment comprises heating a precursor film to a temperature of about 400°C to about 800°C for about a half an hour to about three hours at about 1 to 760 Torr.
- 57. (Original) A method of inhibiting the conversion of a fluorinated precursor film into a crystalline film, wherein the film comprises rare earth metal, alkaline earth metal cuprate, said the method comprising adding a small amount of fluorinated gas during a heat treatment process by which a precursor film is to be converted into a crystalline film.
- 58. (Original) A method according to Claim 57 wherein the fluorinated gas is added at a pressure of approximately 10 milliTorr or greater during said heat treatment process.